

Dear Therapist,

Thank you very much for participating in the care of this patient. This protocol is intended to provide guidelines for the patient's rehabilitation. Please use your experience/discretion to tailor the patient's rehabilitation as you see fit. There are some guidelines to keep in mind:

- Some patients may progress slower than other patients. Please only advance to the next stage of rehabilitation if patient meets outlined clinical criteria
- Particular attention should be paid to joint strength, range of motion, and overall function when considering advancement through each phase of rehabilitation
- For patients who do NOT have nanofracture/cartilage technique, goal is normal gate with appropriate gluteal recruitment within 6 weeks
- For patients who DO have nanofratcure/cartilage technique, goal is normal gait with appropriate gluteal recruitment within 10 weeks
- Please do not push patient through pain; pain should serve as a reminder to limit advancement of rehabilitation

If you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Tyler Welch, MD Sports Medicine and Hip Arthroscopy Atlantic Orthopaedics & Sports Medicine

Phone: (603) 431-1121 Email: twelch@smao.org



Tyler P. Welch, M.D., FAAOS www.SeacoastSportsSurgeon.com

1900 Lafayette Road Portsmouth, NH (603) 431-1121

16 Hospital Drive York, ME (207) 363-3490

HIP ARTHROSCOPY - PHYSICAL THERAPY PROTOCOL

- Labral Repair
- o Femoroplasty/Acetabuloplasty
- Cartilage Procedure
- o Gluteal Repair

Patient:

Date of procedure:

Phase I: Weeks 0 to 5

Goals:

- Reduce swelling and pain (ice, rest, elevation)
- Begin range of motion without resistance
- Initiate muscle activation and isometrics
- Normalize gait
- Avoid irritation of hip flexors, IT band, trochanteric bursa, TFL, low back, and anterior capsule
- Avoid treadmill walking
- Limit weight-bearing for 2-3 weeks with isolated labral repair
- Limit weight-bearing for 6-8 weeks with cartilage procedure

Range of motion exercises:

- Maintain ROM restrictions:
 - o Limit hip flexion to 120 degrees (until day 14)
 - o Limit hip extension to neutral (until day 14)
 - o Limit hip internal rotation to neutral (until day 14)
 - o Limit abduction to 45 degrees (until week 4)
- Passive range of motion:



- Circumduction: start circumduction with hip flexion at approximately 70 degrees
- O Supine abduction / adduction / ER / side lying flexion / prone ER
- o CPM machine if provided
- Active / Active Assist range of motion
 - Stationary bike without resistance 20 mins/time 2x/day (no recumbent bike); add resistance gradually week 3
 - o AROM begin week 3 as tolerated
- Soft tissue mobilizations:
 - Target superficial fascia and deep tissues with massage, pettrissage, strumming, release techniques
 - Focus on hip flexors, TFL, IT band, ASIS, adductors, medial hamstrings, pelvic floor, piriformis, gluteals, external rotators, PSIS, SI joint
- Joint mobilization:
 - o Begin caudal glides at week 3
 - Begin posterior/inferior glides at week 4 to decrease posterior capsule tightness
 - O Do not stress anterior capsule for 6 weeks

Strengthening Exercises:

- o Isometrics
 - Quad sets (AVOID SLR's for 4-6 weeks)
 - Gluteal sets
 - Hamstring sets
 - Abduction / adduction / ER / IR isometrics
- Open Chain (start at week 3)
 - Prone hip extension
 - Sidelying or standing gluteus medius
 - Quad, hamstring dynamic strengthening

Criteria for advancement to Phase II:

- Flexion to 120 degrees
- 75% of passive combined flexion/internal rotation compared to contralateral hip
- Mild discomfort only with ambulation

Phase II (weeks 5 to 10):

Goals:

Eliminate swelling



- Full active and passive ROM
- Normal gait (able to walk 1 mile)
- Promote normal movement patterns and prevent compensation from other muscle groups and other joints

Swelling:

- Ice, massage
- Modalities Ultrasound, electrical stimulation

Range of Motion/Soft Tissues:

- Thomas stretch
- Flexion/internal rotation, flexion/external rotation stretch
- IT band work
- Soft tissue mobilization
- Focus on any lumbar spine, pelvic imbalances

Strength, Cardiovascular Work:

- Leg press with light weight, high repetitions
- Mini squats
- Double knee bends to 90 degrees
- Single knee bends to 70 degrees
- Lateral agility with sport cord
- Theraband (abduction/adduction)
- Hamstring curls
- Stationary bike, elliptical trainer, swimming (may start at week 3)

Proprioception, Balance:

- Double leg / single leg stability on balance board
- Single leg balance on unstable surface (e.g. foam)

Criteria for Advancement to Phase III:

- No residual swelling
- Full active, passive ROM
- Ascending, descending stairs normally without pain or compensation
- Single knee bend to 70 degrees without compensation

Phase III – Advanced Strengthening (10-16 weeks)

Goals:

- Restore multi-directional stability
- Plyometric strength



Strength, Agility, Balance:

- Double knee bends with resistance
- Forward / backward jog with sport cord
- Lateral agility exercises
- Jump-land training
- Cardio training (low impact)
- Continue balance and stability exercises outlined in Phase II

*START sport-specific drills after 14-16 weeks