2000 **IKDC KNEE FORMS**

INTRODUCTION

The entire IKDC form, which includes a demographic form, current health assessment form, subjective knee evaluation form, knee history form, surgical documentation form, and knee examination form, may be used as separate forms. The knee history form and surgical documentation form are provided for convenience. All researchers are required to complete the subjective knee evaluation and knee examination form. Instructions for scoring the subjective knee evaluation form and the knee examination form are provided on the back of the forms.

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IKDC DEMOGRAPHIC FORM

Your Full Name							
Your Date of Birth	/	Month		Year			
Your Social Security Num	ber		_		ur Gende	er: 🛚 Male	e 🛘 Female
•					ai conac		
Occupation							
Today's Date	/	Month	/	Year			
The following is a list of commeto the next item. If you do hat some other type of treatment activities.	ve the p	roblem, p	ease indi	cate in th	e second o	column if you	receive medications of
	Do you the pro		Do you treatme	receive nt for it?	Does it your a	: limit ctivities?	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Heart disease							
High blood pressure							
Asthma or pulmonary disease							
Diabetes							
Ulcer or stomach disease							
Bowel disease							
Kidney disease							
Liver disease							
Anemia or other blood disease							
Overweight							
Cancer							
Depression							
Osteoarthritis, degenerative arthritis							
Rheumatoid arthritis							
Back pain							
Lyme disease							
Other medical problem							
Alcoholism							

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1.	Do you smoke cigarettes?							
	☐ Yes☐ No, I quit in the last six months.☐ No, I quit more than six months ago.☐ No, I have never smoked.							
2.	Your height							
3.	Your weight							
4.	Your race (indicate all that apply)							
	☐White ☐Black or African-American ☐Hispanic							
	☐ Asian or Pacific Islander ☐ Native American Indian ☐ Other							
5.	. How much school have you completed?							
	□Less than high school □Graduated from high school □Some college							
	☐Graduated from college ☐Postgraduate school or degree							
6.	Activity level							
	☐ Are you a high competitive sports person?							
	☐ Are you well-trained and frequently sporting?							
	☐Sporting sometimes							
	□Non-sporting							

IKDC CURRENT HEALTH ASSESSMENT FORM *

Yo	ur Full	Name									-	
Yo	ur Dat	e of Birth _		/		/						
			Day		Month		Year					
То	day's [Date	 Day	/	Month	/	Year					
1.	In ger	neral, would y	ou say yo	our heal	th is: 🗖 E	Excellent	□Very G	ood	□Good	□Fair	Poo	r
2.	Compa	ared to one y	ear ago,	how wo	uld you r	ate your	health in gen	eral nov	v?			
	□Mud	ch better now	than 1 y	ear ago	□Sor	mewhat b	etter now th	an 1 yea	ar ago	□About	the same	as 1 year ago
	□Som	newhat worse	e now tha	n 1 yeaı	r ago	☐Much v	worse now th	nan 1 ye	ar ago			
3.		ollowing items			ties you r	might do	during a typic	cal day.	Does y	our health	now limit	you in
	tnese	activities? If	so, now	mucn?				Ye: Limi: A L	ted I	Yes, Limited A Little	No, Not Limited At All	
	a.	Vigorous ac participating			_	ifting hea	vy objects,)			
	b.	Moderate ad vacuum clea					ishing a		3			
	C.	Lifting or ca	irrying gro	oceries]			
	d.	Climbing se	veral fligh	nts of sta	airs]			
	e.	Climbing on	e flight o	f stairs]			
	f.	Bending, kn	eeling or	stoopin	g]			
	g.	Walking mo	re than a	mile]			
	h.	Walking sev	eral block	(S]			
	i.	Walking one	e block]			
	j.	Bathing or o	dressing y	ourself					3			
4.	-	y the <u>past 4 v</u> ies as a resul		•	_	of the foll	owing proble	ms with	your w		· ·	daily
	a.	Cut down o	n the amo	ount of t	time you	spent on	work or othe	er activit	ies	YES	NO 🗖	
	b.	Accomplishe	ed less th	an you \	would like	Э						
	C.	Were limited	d in the k	ind of w	ork or ot	her activi	ties					
	d.	Had difficult extra effort)		ning the	work or	other act	ivities (for ex	kample,	it took			
5.		g the <u>past 4 v</u> ies as a resul									er regular	daily
			-				_			YES	NO NO	
	a.	Cut down o	n the amo	ount of t	time you	spent on	work or othe	er activit	ies			
	b.	Accomplishe	ed less th	nan you	would lik	се						
	C.	Didn't do w	ork or oth	er activ	ities as c	arefully a	s usual					

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6.	During the <u>past 4 weeks</u> , to what extent has your physical health or emotional problems interfered with your normal social activities with family, friends, neighbors, or groups?											
	□Not At All	Slightly	□Moder	ately	Qui	te a E	3it		Extremel	у		
7.	How much bodily	y pain have you had	during the	past 4 v	weeks?	?						
	□None	☐Very Mild	□Mild		□Mod	derate	Э		Severe	□Ve	ery Severe	
8.	. During the <u>past 4 weeks</u> , how much did pain interfere with your normal work (including both work outside the home and housework)?											
	□Not at All	☐A Little Bit	□Moder	ately	□Qu	ite a	Bit		Extremel	у		
9.	These questions are about how you feel and how things have been with you during the past 4 weeks. For each question, please give the one answer that comes closest to the way you have been feeling. How much of the time during the <u>past 4 weeks</u>											
				All of the time	Mo of t	the	A good bit of time	the	Some of the time	A little of the time	None of the time	
	a. Did you feel	I full of pep?]						
	b. Have you be	een very nervous?]						
	c. Have you fe	lt calm and peaceful?	?]						
	d. Did you hav	e a lot of energy?]						
	e. Have you fe	elt down-hearted and	blue?]						
	f. Did you fee	I worn out?]						
	g. Have you be	een a happy person]						
	h. Did you feel	I tired?]						
10.		4 weeks, how much dities (like visiting with					nealth	or emo	otional pr	oblems in	terfered with	1
	☐All of the time	e Most of the tim	e □ Som	ne of the	time		little o	of the	time \square	None of t	he time	
11.	How TRUE or FA	ALSE is each of the fo	llowing sta	itements	for yo	ou?						
						efinit True	•	Mostly True	Know		Definitely False	
		get sick a little easie		er people	9							
	b. I am as he	ealthy as anybody I k	now									
	c. I expect n	ny health to get wors	е									
	d. My health	is excellent										

^{*}This form includes questions from the SF-36 $^{\text{\tiny TM}}$ Health Survey. Reproduced with the permission of the Medical Outcomes Trust, Copyright © 1992.

2000 IKDC SUBJECTIVE KNEE EVALUATION FORM

You	ur Ful	l Nam	e										
Too	day's	Date:	//	/_ lonth Ye	 ear		Da	te of Inju	ıry:	/_ y Mont	/_ h Ye	 ar	
G	SYMPTOMS: *Grade symptoms at the highest activity level at which you think you could function without significant symptoms, even if you are not actually performing activities at this level.												
1.	1. What is the highest level of activity that you can perform without significant knee pain?												
	⁴ Very strenuous activities like jumping or pivoting as in basketball or soccer ³ Strenuous activities like heavy physical work, skiing or tennis ² Moderate activities like moderate physical work, running or jogging ¹ Light activities like walking, housework or yard work ⁰ Unable to perform any of the above activities due to knee pain												
2.	Du	ring th	ne <u>past 4 we</u>	<u>eeks,</u> or s	since you	ır injury,	how ofte	n have yo	ou had p	ain?			
N	ever	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Constant
3.	3. If you have pain, how severe is it?												
	No pain	0	1	2	3	4	5 □	6	7	8	9	10	Worst pain imaginable
4.	Duri	ng the	e <u>past 4 wee</u>	<u>eks</u> , or si	nce your	injury, h	ow stiff	or swolle	n was yo	our knee?			
			4□Not at 3□Mildly 2□Moder 1□Very 0□Extren	ately									
5.	Wha	t is th	e highest le	vel of ac	tivity you	u can per	form wit	hout sigr	nificant s	welling in	your kn	ee?	
	⁴ □Very strenuous activities like jumping or pivoting as in basketball or soccer ³ □ Strenuous activities like heavy physical work, skiing or tennis ² □ Moderate activities like moderate physical work, running or jogging ¹ □ Light activities like walking, housework, or yard work ⁰ □ Unable to perform any of the above activities due to knee swelling												
6.	Duri	ng the	e <u>past 4 wee</u>	<u>eks</u> , or si	nce your	injury, c	lid your k	knee lock	or catch	1?			
			₀□Yes	1☐No									
7.	 What is the highest level of activity you can perform without significant giving way in your knee? ⁴☐ Very strenuous activities like jumping or pivoting as in basketball or soccer ³☐ Strenuous activities like heavy physical work, skiing or tennis ²☐ Moderate activities like moderate physical work, running or jogging ¹☐ Light activities like walking, housework or yard work ⁰☐ Unable to perform any of the above activities due to giving way of the knee 												

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8. What is the highest level of activity you can participate in on a regular basis?

SPORTS ACTIVITIES:

		3 🔲 2 🔲 1 🔲	Strenuoi Moderat Light act	us activit e activiti tivities lik	ictivities like jies like heavyes like moder ke walking, hom any of the	physical wo ate physical ousework or	ork, skiing work, ru yard wor	g or te nning k	or jogging	cer	
9.	How	does vour	knee af	fect vour	ability to:						
						Not difficul	It Minim	nally	Moderately	Extremely	Unable
						at all	diffic		Difficult	difficult	to do
	a.	Go up sta	airs			4	3]	2	1	0
	b.	Go down	stairs			4	3]	$_{2}\square$	1	0
	C.	Kneel on	the fror	nt of you	r knee	4	3]	2	1	0
	d.	Squat				4	3]	2	1 🔲	0
	e.	Sit with y	our kne	e bent		4	3]	2	1	0
	f.	Rise from	n a chair			4	3]	2	1	0
	g.	Run strai	ght ahea	ad		4	3		2	1	0
	h.	Jump and	d land o	n your in	volved leg	4	3		2	1	0
	i.	Stop and	start qu	iickly		4	3]	2	1	0
10.	and (would you	e inabilit	y to perf	orm any of yo				vith 10 being n ich may include		nt functior
per	ıldn't form daily ⁄ities		1	2	3 4	5	6	7	8	9 10	No limitation in daily activities
CUR	RENT	Γ FUNCTIC	ON OF Y	OUR KNE	Œ:						
per	Can't form daily ⁄ities	0	1	2	3 4	\$ 5 1	6	7	8	9 10	No limitation in daily activities

Scoring Instructions for the 2000 IKDC Subjective Knee Evaluation Form

Several methods of scoring the IKDC Subjective Knee Evaluation Form were investigated. The results indicated that summing the scores for each item performed as well as more sophisticated scoring methods.

The responses to each item are scored using an ordinal method such that a score of 0 is given to responses that represent the lowest level of function or highest level of symptoms. For example, item 1, which is related to the highest level of activity without significant pain is scored by assigning a score of 0 to the response "Unable to perform any of the above activities due to knee pain" and a score of 4 to the response "Very strenuous activities like jumping or pivoting as in basketball or soccer". For item 2, which is related to the frequency of pain over the past 4 weeks, the responses are reverse-scored such that "Constant" is assigned a score of 0 and "Never" is assigned a score of 10. Similarly, for item 3, the responses are reversed-scored such that "Worst pain imaginable" is assigned a score of 0 and "No pain" is assigned a score of 10. Note: previous versions of the form had a minimum item score of 1 (for example, ranging from 1 to 11). In the most recent version, all items now have a minimum score of 0 (for example, 0 to 10). To score these prior versions, you would need to transform each item to the scaling for the current version.

The IKDC Subjective Knee Evaluation Form is scored by summing the scores for the individual items and then transforming the score to a scale that ranges from 0 to 100. **Note**: The response to item 10a "Function Prior to Knee Injury" is not included in the overall score. To score the current form of the IKDC, simply add the score for each item (the small number by each item checked) and divide by the maximum possible score which is 87:

IKDC Score =
$$\left[\frac{\text{Sum of Items}}{\text{Maximum Possible Score}}\right] \times 100$$

Thus, for the current version, if the sum of scores for the 18 items is 45 and the patient responded to all the items, the IKDC Score would be calculated as follows:

IKDC Score =
$$\left[\frac{45}{87}\right]$$
 x 100

IKDC Score
$$= 51.7$$

The transformed score is interpreted as a measure of function such that higher scores represent higher levels of function and lower levels of symptoms. A score of 100 is interpreted to mean no limitation with activities of daily living or sports activities and the absence of symptoms.

The IKDC Subjective Knee Form score can be calculated when there are responses to at least 90% of the items (i.e. when responses have been provided for at least 16 items). In the original scoring instructions for the IKDC Subjective Knee Form, missing values are replaced by the average score of the items that have been answered. However, this method could slightly over- or under-estimate the score depending on the maximum value of the missing item(s) (2, 5 or 11 points). Therefore, in the revised scoring procedure for the current version of a form with up to two missing values, the IKDC Subjective Knee Form Score is calculated as (sum of the completed items) / (maximum possible sum of the completed items) * 100. This method of scoring the IKDC Subjective Knee Form is more accurate than the original scoring method.

A scoring spreadsheet is also available at: www.sportsmed.org/research/index.asp This spreadsheet uses the current form scores and the revised scoring method for calculating scores with missing values.

2000 IKDC KNEE HISTORY FORM

Patient Name		Birthdate///
Date of Injury/ Date of Initial E	Exam//	_/ Today's Date///Year Day Month Year
Involved Knee: □Right □Left		
Contralateral: ☐Normal ☐Nearly Normal	□Abnormal	☐Severely abnormal
Onset of Symptoms: (date)//	_	
Activity at Injury: ADL Sports	□Traffic	□Work
Mechanism of Injury:		
3	Fraumatic non-conta Fraumatic contact o	
Previous Surgery:		
Type of Surgery: (check all that apply)		
Meniscal Surgery		
☐Medial meniscal repair ☐L	_ateral meniscectom _ateral meniscal rep _ateral meniscal trai	air
Ligament Surgery		
□ACL Repair □Intraarticular ACL re □PCL Repair □Intraarticular PCL re □Medial collateral ligament repair/reconstre □Lateral collateral ligament repair/reconstre	construction uction	☐ Extraarticular ACL reconstruction ☐ Posterolateral corner reconstruction
Type of Graft		
Patella tendon graft Single hamstring graft Bundle hamstring graft Must	psilateral \Box	Contralateral

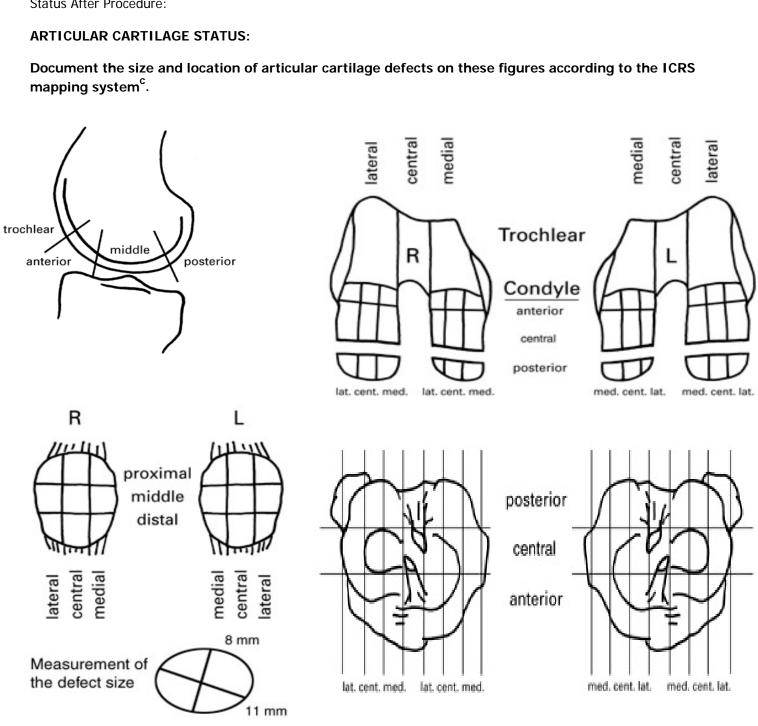
Page 2 – 2000 IKDC KNEE HISTORY FORM

Extensor Mechanism Surgery	
☐Patella tendon repair	☐Quadriceps tendon repair
Patellofemoral Surgery	
□Extensor Mechanism Realignm	nent
Soft Tissue Realignment	
☐Medial imbrication	□Lateral release
Bone Realignment	
Movement of the tibial t ☐Proximal	ubercle □Distal □Medial □Lateral □Anterior
□Trochleoplasty	
□Patellectomy	
Osteoarthritis Surgery	
□Osteotomy	
9 9	☐Shaving ☐Abrasion ☐Drilling ☐Microfracture al autograft transfer/mosaic-plasty ☐Other
Total number of previous surgeries	
Imaging Studies:	
□Structural □MRI □CT	□Arthrogram
☐Metabolic (Bone Scan)	
Findings:	
Ligament	
Meniscus	
Articular Cartilage	
Bone	

2000 IKDC SURGICAL DOCUMENTATION FORM

Patient's Name:	Date of Index Procedure: _		//.	
Postoperative Diagnosis:		Day	Month	Year
1				
2				
3				

Status After Procedure:



Page 2 - 2000 IKDC SURGICAL DOCUMENTATION FORM

First

Record size, location and grade of articular cartilage lesions. Femur

Side Condyle Sagittal plane Frontal plane Cartilage lesion (G Defect size pre-de Defect size post-de	bridement	Left Lateral Anterior Central	Middle Medial mm mm		lesion	Lesion	
Tibia							
Side Plateau Sagittal Plane Frontal Plane	Right Medial Anterior Lateral	Left Lateral Middle Central	Posterior Medial				
Cartilage lesion (Grade) (*) Defect size pre-debridement Defect size post-debridement mm mm							
Patella							
Side Sagittal plane Frontal plane	Right Distal Lateral	Left Middle Central	Proximal Medial				
Cartilage lesion (G Defect size pre-de Defect size post-de	bridement		mm mm				
Diagnosis:	☐ Traumatic cartila	ge lesion	□OD	□OA □/	AVN □Others		
Biopsy/Osteoch	ondral Plugs:	Location:		Numbe	r of Plugs:		
		Diameter	of Plugs:	mm			
Treatment:	□ Shaving□ Drilling□ Osteochondral au□ Cell therapy	☐ Abrasion ☐ Microfr tograft traion ☐ Other	acture	c-plasty			
Notes:							

ICRS Grade 0 -Normal



Second

ICRS Grade 1 – Nearly Normal Superficial lesions, Soft indentation (A) and/or superficial fissures and cracks (B)





ICRS Grade 2 – Abnormal

Lesions extending down to <50% of cartilage depth



ICRS Grade 3 -Severely Abnormal

Cartilage defects extending down >50% of cartilage depth (A) as well as down to calcified layer (B) and down to Blisters are included in this Grade (D)







Osteochondral injuries, lesions extending just through the subchondral boneplate (A) or deeper defects down into trabecular bone (B). Defects that have been drilled are regarded as osteochondral defects and classified as ICRS-C



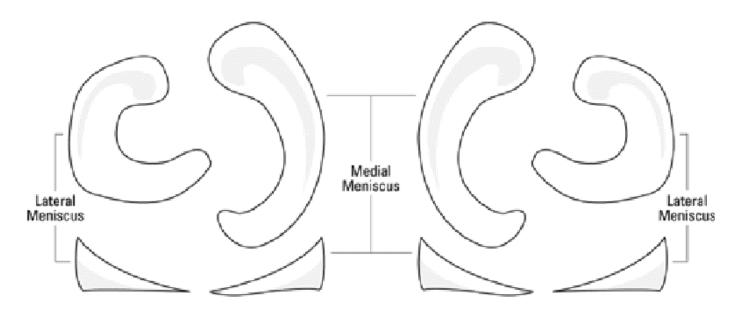
Page 3 – 2000 IKDC SURGICAL DOCUMENTATION FORM

MENISCUS STATUS:

Procedure:	☐medial meniscectomy	□lateral meniscectomy
	☐medial meniscal repair	□lateral meniscus repair
	medial meniscal transplant	☐lateral meniscal transplant
	☐medial abrade & trephine	☐lateral abrade & trephine

Right Knee Left Knee

Document tears of the menisci or meniscectomy on these figures



Medial:

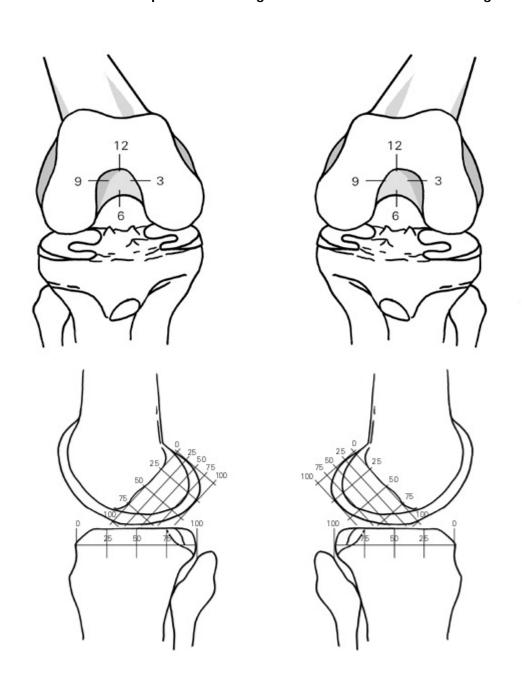
□Normal	□1/3 Removed □	☐2/3 Removed	□3/3 Removed
Circu	mferential Hoop Fibers:	□Intact	□Disrupted
Rema	aining Meniscal Tissue:	□Normal	□ Degenerative changes □ Stable tear □ Unstable tear □ Tear left in situ
<u>Lateral:</u>			
□Normal	□1/3 Removed □	☐2/3 Removed	□3/3 Removed
Circu	mferential Hoop Fibers:	□Intact	□Disrupted
Rema	aining Meniscal Tissue:	□Normal	□ Degenerative changes □ Stable tear □ Unstable tear □ Tear left in situ

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LIGAMENT STATUS:

Procedure:					
☐ACL repair	□Intraartio	ular ACL reconstruction	☐ Extraarticular ACL reconstruction		
□PCL repair	□Intraartio	ular PCL reconstruction	☐Posterolateral corner repair/reconstruction		
☐Medial collateral	ligament repa	ir/reconstruction	·		
□ Lateral collateral	ligament repa	air/reconstruction			
Graft:					
■Autologous pate	lla tendon	Hamstring tendons	■Quadriceps tendon		
Other					
Previous Graft Harv	vest:				
☐Autologous pate	lla tendon	☐ Hamstring tendons	☐Quadriceps tendon		

Document drill hole placement for ligament reconstruction on these figures.



2000 IKDC KNEE EXAMINATION FORM									
Patient Name:									
Gende	er: 🖺 🕅 Age:		С	Date of Examinat		/			
Gener	alized Laxity:	t ight	normal	□ax	Day Month	Year			
Alignment:		dbvious va	rus 🗔 ormal 🗔 bvious valgus						
Patella Position:		dbvious ba	ja 🗔 ormal 🗔 bvious alta						
Patella Subluxation/Dislocation:dentere		dentered	Subluxable Subluxed dislocated						
, ,		Index Side: Opposite Side		////	active_ active_	//			
SEVEN GROUPS			FOUR GRADES			*Group			
SEVEN GROOT S		A B Normal Nearly		C Abnormal	D Severely	Grade			
			Worman	Normal	Abrioritiai	Abnormal	A B C D		
1.	Effusion		□None	□Mild	□Moderate	□Severe			
2.	Passive Motion Deficit ΔLack of extension ΔLack of flexion		□ \cdot 3° □ to 5°	☐ to 5° ☐ to 15°	☐6 to 10° ☐16 to 25°	□>10° □>25°			
3.	Ligament Examination (manual, instrumented, x-ray) ΔLachman (25° flex) (134N) ΔLachman (25° flex) manual max Anterior endpoint:		☐1 to 2mm ☐1 to 2mm ☐irm	☐ to 5mm(1 ⁺) ☐ < -1 to -3 ☐ to 5mm	☐6 to 10mm(2*) ☐k -3 stiff ☐6 to 10mm ☐koft	□>10mm(3 ⁺) □>10mm			
	ΔTotal AP Translation (25° flex) ΔTotal AP Translation (70° flex) ΔPosterior Drawer Test (70° flex) ΔMed Joint Opening (20° flex/valge ΔLat Joint Opening (20° flex/varus ΔExternal Rotation Test (30° flex p ΔExternal Rotation Test (90° flex p ΔPivot Shift ΔReverse Pivot Shift	rot) rone)	□ to 2mm □ to 5° □ to 2mm □ t	☐ to 5mm ☐ to 10° ☐ to 10° ☐ to 10° ☐ tolide ☐ lide	☐ to 10mm ☐ 1 to 19° ☐ 1 to 19° ☐ + + (clunk) ☐ gross	□>10mm □>10mm □>10mm □>10mm □>10mm □>20° □>20° □+++(gross) □marked			
4. Compartment Findings			crepitation with						
	ΔCrepitus Ant. Compartment ΔCrepitus Med. Compartment ΔCrepitus Lat. Compartment		□hone □hone □hone	□moderate □moderate □moderate	□mild pain □mild pain □mild pain	⇒mild pain ⇒mild pain ⇒mild pain			
5.	Harvest Site Pathology		□none	□mild	□moderate	□severe			
6.	X-ray Findings Med. Joint Space Lat. Joint Space Patellofemoral Ant. Joint Space (sagittal) Post. Joint Space (sagittal)		□hone □hone □hone □hone □hone	□mild □mild □mild □mild □mild □mild	☐moderate ☐moderate ☐moderate ☐moderate ☐moderate	severe severe severe severe severe severe			
7.	Functional Test One Leg Hop (% of opposite side)		□≥90%	□89 to 76%	□75 to 50%	□k50%			
**Final Evaluation									

^{*} Group grade: The lowest grade within a group determines the group grade

^{**} Final evaluation: the worst group grade determines the final evaluation for acute and subacute patients. For chronic patients compare preoperative and postoperative evaluations. In a final evaluation only the first 3 groups are evaluated but all groups must be documented.

Difference in involved knee compared to normal or what is assumed to be normal.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE 2000 IKDC KNEE EXAMINATION FORM

The Knee Examination Form contains items that fall into one of seven measurement domains. However, only the first three of these domains are graded. The seven domains assessed by the Knee Examination Form are:

1. Effusion

An effusion is assessed by ballotting the knee. A fluid wave (less than 25 cc) is graded mild, easily ballotteable fluid – moderate (25-60 cc), and a tense knee secondary to effusion (greater than 60 cc) is rated severe.

2. Passive Motion Deficit

Passive range of motion is measured with a gonimeter and recorded on the form for the index side and opposite or normal side. Record values for zero point/hyperextension/flexion (e.g. 10 degrees of hyperextension, 150 degrees of flexion = 10/0/150; 10 degrees of flexion to 150 degrees of flexion = 0/10/150). Extension is compared to that of the normal knee.

3. Ligament Examination

The Lachman test, total AP translation at 70 degrees, and medial and lateral joint opening may be assessed with manual, instrumented or stress x-ray examination. Only one should be graded, preferably a "measured displacement". A force of 134 N (30 lbs) and the maximum manual are recorded in instrumented examination of both knees. Only the measured displacement at the standard force of 134 N is used for grading. The numerical values for the side to side difference are rounded off, and the appropriate box is marked.

The end point is assessed in the Lachman test. The end point affects the grading when the index knee has 3-5 mm more anterior laxity than the normal knee. In this case, a soft end point results in an abnormal grade rather than a nearly normal grade.

The 70-degree posterior sag is estimated by comparing the profile of the injured knee to the normal knee and palpating the medial femoral tibial stepoff. It may be confirmed by noting that contraction of the quadriceps pulls the tibia anteriorly.

The external rotation tests are performed with the patient prone and the knee flexed 30° and 70°. Equal external rotational torque is applied to both feet and the degree of external rotation is recorded.

The pivot shift and reverse pivot shift are performed with the patient supine, with the hip in 10-20 degrees of abduction and the tibia in neutral rotation using either the Losee, Noyes, or Jakob techniques. The greatest subluxation, compared to the normal knee, should be recorded.

4. Compartment Findings

Patellofemoral crepitation is elicited by extension against slight resistance. Medial and lateral compartment crepitation is elicited by extending the knee from a flexed position with a varus stress and then a valgus stress (i.e., McMurray test). Grading is based on intensity and pain.

5. Harvest Site Pathology

Note tenderness, irritation or numbness at the autograft harvest site.

6. X-ray Findings

A bilateral, double leg PA weightbearing roentgenogram at 35-45 degrees of flexion (tunnel view) is used to evaluate narrowing of the medial and lateral joint spaces. The Merchant view at 45 degrees is used to document patellofemoral narrowing. A mild grade indicates minimal changes (i.e., small osteophytes, slight sclerosis or flattening of the femoral condyle) and narrowing of the joint space which is just detectable. A moderate grade may have those changes and joint space narrowing (e.g., a joint space of 2-4 mm side or up to 50% joint space narrowing). Severe changes include a joint space of less than 2 mm or greater than 50% joint space narrowing.

7. Functional Test

The patient is asked to perform a one leg hop for distance on the index and normal side. Three trials for each leg are recorded and averaged. A ratio of the index to normal knee is calculated.